



Fire Protection Training

Procedures Handbook 4300

FIRE PROTECTION SYSTEMS

TOPIC: Inspection Procedures For Smoke, Flame And Heat Detectors

LEVEL OF INSTRUCTION: II

TIME FRAME: 30 Minutes

BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVE:

Condition: The student will have general knowledge of smoke, flame and heat detectors

Behavior: The student will have general knowledge of smoke, flame and heat detectors.

Standard: With a minimum of 70% accuracy, according to the information contained in this lesson plan.

MATERIALS NEEDED:

- Appropriate visual aids and supplies

REFERENCES:

- Private Fire Protection And Detection, IFSTA, 1st Edition, Chapter 4

PREPARATION: To ensure the operational readiness of detectors, these devices should be inspected routinely by qualified personnel. Although it is not normally within the area of responsibility of a fire department to maintain these systems, fire personnel should have a knowledge of detection systems for inspection purposes, and for public education presentations.



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INSPECTION PROCEDURES FOR
SMOKE, FLAME AND HEAT
DETECTORS

PRESENTATION	APPLICATION
<ul style="list-style-type: none">f. Cable-type line detectors must have the loop resistance tested semi-annually2. Restorable detectors<ul style="list-style-type: none">a. Will be tested with a portable heat sourceb. One detector on each signalc. Test semi-annuallyd. A different detector must be tested each time3. Fusible link with replaceable links<ul style="list-style-type: none">a. Test semi-annuallyb. Remove link and observe whether or not contacts closec. Recommended that the links be replaced with new ones at five year intervals4. Pneumatic-type<ul style="list-style-type: none">a. Tested with a heating device or an approved pressure pumpb. Test semi-annuallyc. If a pressure pump is used, follow manufacturer's instructionsC. Smoke Detectors<ul style="list-style-type: none">1. Test semi-annually	<p>What is the recommendation for fusible link replacement?</p>



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<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 2. In accordance with manufacturer's instructions 3. Manufacturer's instructions should be used to test performance and sensitivity 4. Cigarette smoke is not considered an acceptable test 	<p>Is cigarette smoke an acceptable test?</p> <p>How should flame detectors be tested?</p>
<p>D. Flame Detectors</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Instruction for testing procedures and training should be required by the bid specification from the manufacturer <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a. Testing of the system is recommended to be included in a service contract from the installer 	<p>When should detectors be replaced?</p>
<p>E. General Considerations</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Detector should be replaced or sent to a recognized laboratory for testing if <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a. Restored to service after a period of disuse b. Visibly corroded c. Has been painted d. Has been cleaned of paint e. Subjected to mechanical injury 	



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<p>f. Circuits have been subjected to</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">(1) Surges(2) Over-voltages(3) Lightning damage <p>g. Area subjected to grease and other deposits or corrosive atmospheres</p> <p>2. Detectors placed in corrosive atmospheres shall be of approved type</p> <p>F. Records</p> <p>1. A record of all detectors must be maintained for a minimum period of five years. Record data should include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">a. Dateb. Detector typec. Locationd. Type of teste. Results	<p>What should be recorded on detector test records?</p>



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APPLICATION:

Heat, smoke and flame detectors form an important part of the fire protection picture. A basic knowledge of this equipment and how to inspect it is necessary to keep the picture complete and safe.

EVALUATION:

A written examination.

ASSIGNMENT:

To be determined by the instructor(s).