



FIRE CREW FIREFIGHTER TRAINING

Procedures Handbook 4200

FIRELINE HAZARDS QUIZ

NAME: _____

DATE: _____

	<u>POINTS</u>
1. Which of the following may be hazards found on fires? a. Burned out stumps from large trees, and snags b. Widow makers and trees that have fire in the top c. Both a and b are correct	<u>10</u>
2. When passing a burning or fire weakened tree, stay on the side that is _____. a. Away from the lean b. Towards the lean c. It does not matter	<u>10</u>
3. If you see “downed” power lines, what should you do? a. Watch to make sure they do not drop anymore b. Try to put them back onto the pole c. Advise your supervisor and all crewmembers in the area	<u>10</u>
4. When flagging a life-threatening hazard, what is the minimum radius to be flagged? a. 10 feet b. 15 feet c. 25 feet	<u>10</u>
5. _____ a hazard if safe to do so. a. Ignore b. Eliminate c. Create	<u>10</u>



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6. Never work directly below a bulldozers because of: _____
- a. The danger of falling and rolling material
 - b. Spot fires outside the fireline
 - c. Visibility is poor because of the dust
- 10
7. A “widow maker” would create which type of hazard: _____
- a. Tripping
 - b. Rolling
 - c. Falling
- 5
8. Weakened trees become especially dangerous during periods of _____
- a. Extreme heat
 - b. Strong winds
 - c. Cold weather
- 10
9. In what terrain would the chances of rolling material be greatest? _____
- a. Brushy
 - b. Grassy
 - c. Steep
- 10
10. Which of the following may cause rocks to dislodge and roll? _____
- a. It may have fractured due to heat from the fire
 - b. Supporting vegetation may have burned away
 - c. Both a and b are correct
- 10

POINTS POSSIBLE: _____ 100

POINTS DEDUCTED: _____

FINAL SCORE: _____



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FIRELINE HAZARDS QUIZ

KEY

NAME: _____

DATE: _____

POINTS

1. Which of the following may be hazards found on fires?
 - a. Burned out stumps from large trees, and snags
 - b. Widow makers and trees that have fire in the top
 - c. **BOTH A AND B ARE CORRECT**

10

2. When passing a burning or fire weakened tree, stay on the side that is _____.
 - a. **AWAY FROM THE LEAN**
 - b. Towards the lean
 - c. It does not matter

10

3. If you see “downed” power lines, what should you do?
 - a. Watch to make sure they do not drop anymore.
 - b. Try to put them back onto the pole.
 - c. **ADVISE YOUR SUPERVISOR AND ALL CREWMEMBERS IN THE AREA**

10

4. When flagging a life-threatening hazard, what is the minimum radius to be flagged?
 - a. 10 feet
 - b. 15 feet
 - c. **25 FEET**

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5. _____ a hazard if safe to do so.
 - a. Ignore
 - b. **ELIMINATE**
 - c. Create

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FIRELINE HAZARDS QUIZ

6. Never work directly below a bulldozers because of: _____
- a. **THE DANGER OF FALLING AND ROLLING MATERIAL**
 - b. Spot fires outside the fireline
 - c. Visibility is poor because of the dust
7. A “widow maker” would create which type of hazard: _____
- a. Tripping
 - b. Rolling
 - c. **FALLING**
8. Weakened trees become especially dangerous during periods of _____
- a. Extreme heat
 - b. **STRONG WINDS**
 - c. Cold weather
9. In what terrain would the chances of rolling material be greatest? _____
- a. Brushy
 - b. Grassy
 - c. **STEEP**
10. Which of the following may cause rocks to dislodge and roll? _____
- a. It may have fractured due to heat from the fire
 - b. Supporting vegetation may have burned away
 - c. **BOTH A AND B ARE CORRECT**

10

5

10

10

10

POINTS POSSIBLE: _____ 100

POINTS DEDUCTED: _____

FINAL SCORE: _____